ANNOUNCEMENT

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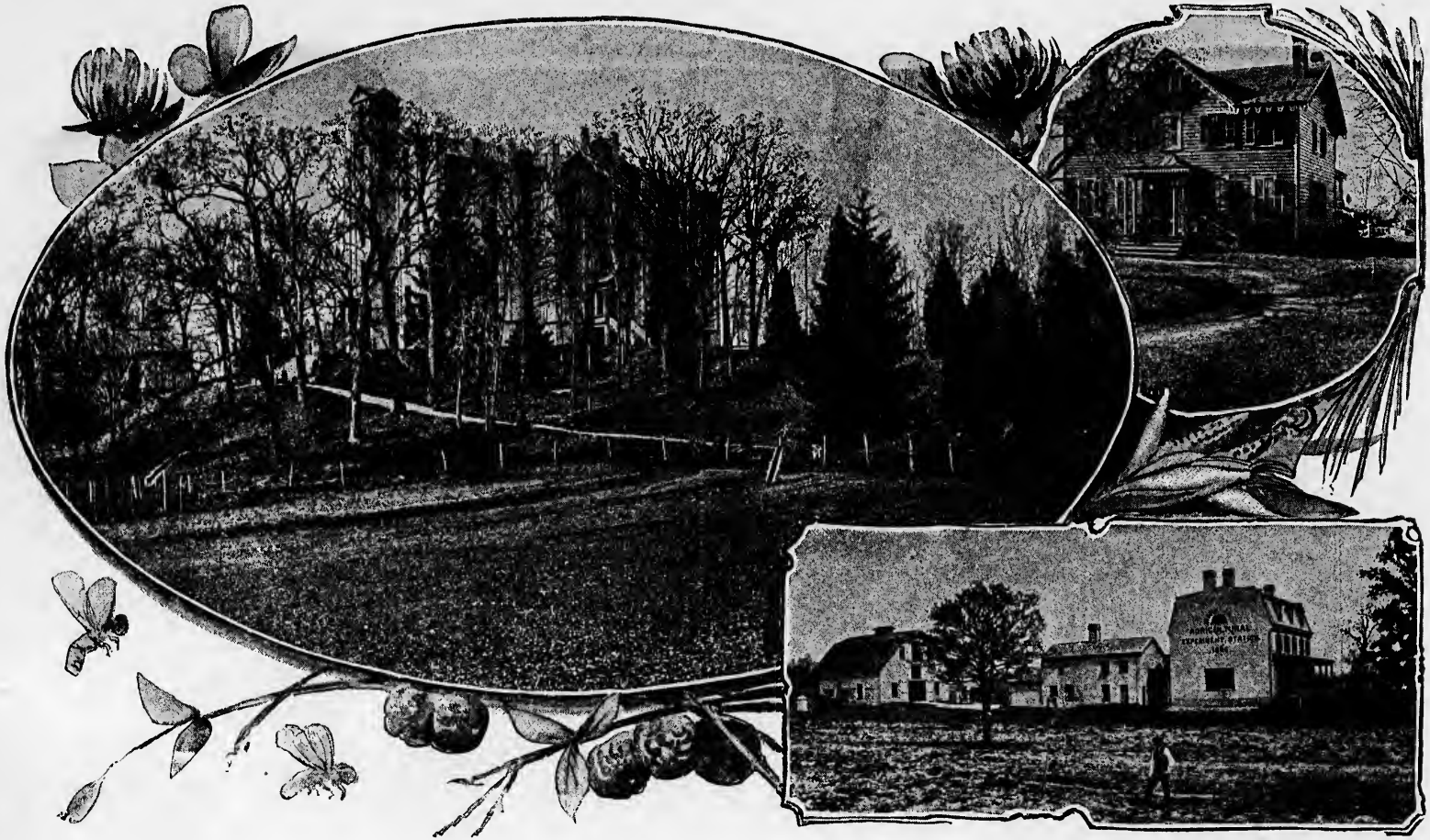
MARYLAND

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE,

FOR ITS

THIRTY-THIRD YEAR,

1891-92.



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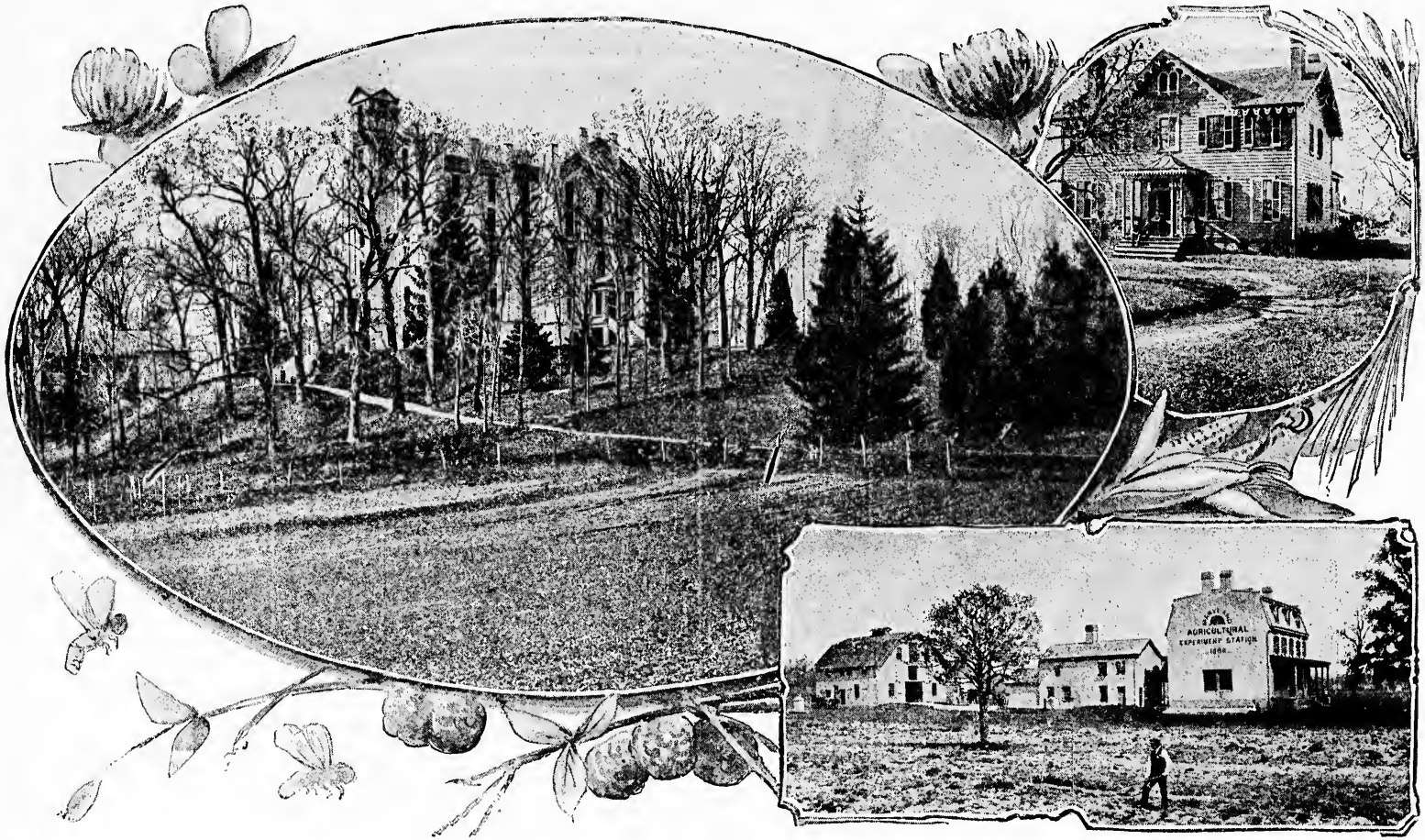
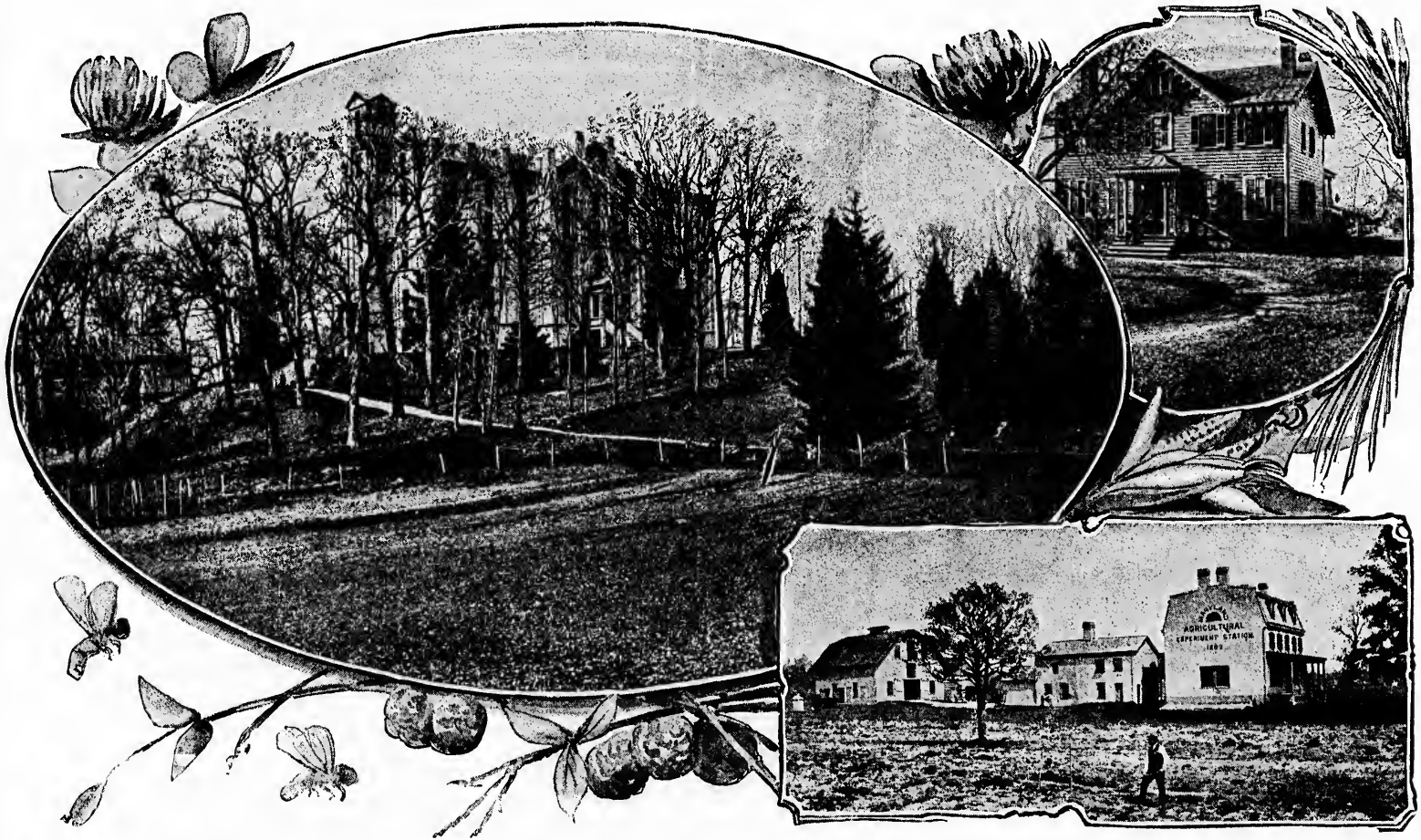

AGRICULTURAL
EXPERIMENT STATION



These Engravings were made from Negatives taken with Wet-plates by Prof. Wm. H. Jennings.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OF THE

MARYLAND

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE,

FOR ITS

THIRTY-THIRD YEAR.

CALENDAR FOR 1891-92.

September 15—Tuesday—Examinations for admission.

September 16—Wednesday—Fall Term begins, 9 A. M.

Fifteen Weeks.

December 22—Tuesday—Fall Term ends at 3 P. M.

January 6—Wednesday—Winter Term begins, 9 A. M.

Eleven Weeks.

March 22—Tuesday—Winter Term ends at 3 P. M.

March 29—Tuesday—Spring Term begins, 9 A. M.

Eleven Weeks.

June 15—Wednesday—Graduation Day.

Spring Term ends at sunset.

June 16—Thursday—Examination for admission to the College, the following Autumn.

NOTE:—On the first Wednesday and on the first and last Saturdays, in every Term, exercises will be held all day.

THE FACULTY.

HENRY E. ALVORD, C. E.
President and Professor of Agriculture.

THOMAS L. BRUNK, B. Sc.
Professor of Botany and Horticulture.

EDWIN W. DORAN, Ph. D.,
Professor of Zoology and Comparative Anatomy.

MILTON WHITNEY, M. Sc.
Professor of Geology and Soil Physics.

HENRY B. McDONNELL, M. D.
Professor of Agricultural Chemistry.

JOHN D. HIRD, A. M.
Professor of General Chemistry, and Instructor in French.

WILLIAM H. ZIMMERMAN, A. M.
Professor of Physics, and Instructor in German.

*_____ — _____
Professor of English Language and Literature.

RICHARD H. ALVEY, Jr., A. B.
Professor of History, Political Economy, and Latin.

JOHN S. GRISARD, 2nd Lieut. U. S. Army.
Professor of Military Science and Tactics, and Acting Professor of Mathematics and Drawing.

A. PEYTON WORKS,
Assistant Professor of Mathematics and Instructor in Elocution.

JOS. R. OWENS, M. D.,
Registrar and Treasurer, and Secretary of the Faculty.

*Vacancy.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTORS.

ALBERT I. HAYWARD, B. Sc.,
Instructor in Agriculture.

CHARLES E. STRAUGHN,
Instructor in Wood-working.

ERNEST H. BRINKLEY,
Instructor in Bench Metal-Working.

THEODORE P. ENGLE,
Instructor in Forging and Smithing.

JUL. C. WOLFE, A. M.
Instructor in Vocal and Instrumental Music.

LECTURERS.

F. L. KILBORNE, V. S.
U. S. Bureau of Animal Industry.
Lecturer on Injuries and Diseases of Domestic Animals.

GEO. P. MERRILL, M. S.
Dept. of Lithology, U. S. National Museum.
Lecturer on Building Stones and Useful Metals.

WALTER B. BARROWS, B. S.
Division of Economic Ornithology, Dept. of Agriculture.
Lecturer on the Birds of Maryland, Useful and Injurious.

CHAS. P. CRONK, M. D.
Meteorologist, Maryland State Weather Service.
Lecturer on the Weather in its Relations to Farming.

MAJ. WM. S. KING,
U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.
Lecturer on Agricultural Seeds, and Country Roads.

PROF. E. B. PRETTYMAN, A. M.
Secretary Maryland State Board of Education.
Lecturer on the Public School System of Maryland.

REV. THEO. C. GAMBRALL,
Lecturer on Maryland in Colonial Times.

JOHN M. GREGORY, LL. D.
Ex-President Illinois Industrial University.
Lecturer on Social and Economic Questions of the Day.

HISTORY AND LOCATION.

The Maryland Agricultural College

Was the second of its kind, still in existence, in America, to open its doors to students, and the first and only one established by the voluntary contributions of public-spirited citizens. The charter, "to establish and endow an agricultural college in the State of Maryland * * * in which the youthful student may especially be instructed in those arts and sciences indispensable to successful agricultural pursuits," was granted in March, 1856, being more than six years before the first Federal legislation for a similar purpose.

As a foundation, about five hundred liberal residents of Maryland, most of them directly interested in the agricultural property and progress of the State, together with a few non-residents, subscribed the amount necessary to purchase the farm and erect the first buildings. Subsequently the State made special appropriations to the College, which are still continued, and this institution receives the benefits of the Congressional land grant to Maryland, under the act of July 2d, 1862; also the liberal appropriations directly from the Federal treasury under the acts of Congress of March 2d, 1887 and August 30th 1890.

The College is located three-fourths of a mile from College Station, Prince George's Co., Md., on the Washington Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. Numerous trains daily afford easy communication with all points. College Hill, on which stand the principal college buildings, is a beautiful eminence, overlooking wide stretches of country. The surrounding farm embraces two hundred and eighty-six acres; sixty acres are in woodland, and most of the remainder is under cultivation. The conformation of the farm and diversity of its soil offer excellent opportunities for varied agricultural operations, and this, together with the beauty and healthfulness of the site, admirably adapts the location to the purposes of an educational institution of this character. The city of Washington is only eight miles distant; this proximity to the National Capital gives the College exceptional advantages in the valuable aid which it derives from the libraries and scientific collections of the different Departments of the Government.

The post-office address is College Park, Prince George's Co., Md. Telegrams and express matter should be sent to College Station (B. and O. R. R.)

BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT.

The main building, standing in the midst of a fine grove of forest trees, is a massive brick structure of six stories, one hundred and twenty feet long and fifty-four feet wide. It possesses accommodations for one hundred and fifty students, apartments for professors, class-rooms, chapel, museum, library, reading-room, armory, parlors, dining-room, and the necessary offices. The dormitories are spacious, well-ventilated, and heated by steam. Well water, forced to tanks in the attic, is supplied to the several floors by a system of pipes; the water has mineral properties and is considered particularly healthful.

Every summer the building is repaired and renovated, so as to keep it in a fresh and comfortable condition; sanitary precautions receive constant attention.

The Chemical Laboratory, a separate brick structure close to the main building, has been recently thoroughly refitted. It is furnished with water, steam and gas, and with all the apparatus of a well appointed laboratory.

The Gymnasium, another detached building, erected for the purpose, affords opportunity for healthful exercise and muscular development, in addition to the military drill, and when the latter is prevented by inclement weather.

The Agricultural Experiment Station has its offices and working quarters in the substantial brick structures, formerly known as "Rossburg," now completely renovated, and situated about sixty rods from the college buildings, in the midst of the fields especially assigned to experiment purposes.

The accompaning engraving represents the main College building, the Experiment Station and the President's house, which is located a few hundred yards from the former.

Several thousand dollars have recently been expended for improving the equipment of the College, and the facilities for instruction in al its departments are now equal to those of any college in the State. Particular attention has been given to providing the latest and most approved models, materials and appliances for effectively teaching the several branches of natural history and physical science. The work shops and the college farm have been well supplied with tools, implements, machinery and typical animals of several breeds of improved farm-stock. Further additions will soon be made to the illustrativ material in the departments of agriculture and horticulture.

ADMISSION.

Candidates for admission to the Freshman class are examined orally and in writing upon the common English branches, namely, reading, spelling, elements of English grammar, geography, common school arithmetic, and history of the United States. These examinations must be satisfactorily passed in order to entitle one to full standing in the Freshman class, and give assurance of subsequent progress.

The public educational facilities are believed to be such, in all parts of the State, as to render it unnecessary for the college to maintain a preparatory department, but if students present themselves, who, for lack of proper opportunities, are imperfectly prepared, yet show willingness and ability to do extra work, they will be admitted, conditionally, upon passing a reasonable part of the entrance examinations, and an instructor will be assigned to assist them in meeting the conditions and acquiring a full standing in their class.

Applicants for admission to the higher classes must pass the entrance examinations and also be successfully examined on all of the studies completed by the classes they wish to enter, or on branches equivalent thereto.

No one is advised to apply until fifteen years of age, although physical and intellectural development are regarded as more important and will be considered rather than age. Every applicant must furnish a certificate of good character satisfactory to the Faculty; this should be obtained from his pastor, or last teacher, and presented on arrival at the college.

Candidates are advised to provide themselves, in all cases, with certificates of their standing in the school last attended and present these certificates to the examiners. Previous good scholarship will be considered and given due weight at entrance examinations, and a certificate of proficiency in any subject will be accepted instead of an examination, if granted by a college authorized to confer degrees, or by a high-school in Maryland, or Washington, D. C.

As stated in the Calendar, the regular examinations for admission are held at the College on the day following the annual Graduation Day, in June, and in September on the next day preceding that for the opening of the Fall Term of the institution, beginning at nine o'clock A. M, on these days; but candidates may be examined and admitted at any other time in the year.

EXPENSES AND PAYMENTS.

Tuition is free to all students, whether residents of the State of Maryland or not. To cover the necessary expenses of the year at College, clothing excepted, a single charge is made of one hundred and eighty dollars ($180). This includes board, room partly furnished, heat, lights, washing and the necessary text-books.

One Free Scholarship is allowed by the College to every county in the State and to each Legislative District in the City of Baltimore. Particulars can be obtained on application from the nearest School-Board, or from the Registrar of the College.

Students whose homes are in the neighborhood will be allowed to attend the college exercises daily upon payment of twenty-four dollars ($24) per annum. They will be assigned study-rooms, be supplied all necessary books, and will be on a par with other students in connection with all college duties and exercises. (See page 16.)

The text-books furnished will become the property of the student if he completes the college year in which they are used.

No fees or other extras will be charged by the College except for special expenses actually incurred on behalf of the student, such as medical attendance, for stationery or for other articles supplied, and for loss or damage of college property, for which the student is personally responsible.

All Charges and fees are due and must be paid, in advance. For convenience of patrons the payments are arranged as follows:

On the day of entrance fifty dollars ($50) of the annual charge; fifty dollars ($50) of the annual charge on the 15th day of November; on the 1st day of February forty dollars ($40), and the 1st day of April forty dollars (40).

The low rates at which the students are received can only be maintained by purchasing all supplies at wholesale, for cash. This is only possible when *all* payments are made as stated. The Registrar is specially charged with the duty of making prompt collections, and annoyance to all parties will be avoided by a careful observance of all obligations in accordance with the terms above stated.

The general charge for the year is made against the student when he arrives, and no allowance or rebate will be made for any absence, unless specially agreed to, in advance.

A small deposit for room keys is required when they are issued, and this will be repaid upon return of the keys.

COURSE OF STUDY.

FRESHMAN YEAR.

Agriculture—History, breeding, and care of farm stock.
Natural History—Climatology and Physical Geography.
English—Analysis and construction of language.
French. } One of these is required; the student may
Latin. } choose which, but cannot take both.
Mathematics—Arithmetic reviewed; Algebra.
Book-keeping—With business forms and farm accounts.
Drawing—Free-hand, outlines.

SOPHOMORE YEAR.

Horticulture—Lectures and practical exercises.
Natural History—Botany, and Zoology.
Chemistry—Begun and continued through the year.
English—History of English language and literature.
History—Ancient and Modern.
French. } Second year of both.
Latin. } Only one can be taken.
Mathematics—Algebra completed; Geometry.
Drawing—Free-hand and Instrumental.
Shop-practice—Wood-working.

JUNIOR YEAR.

Agriculture and Horticulture—Tools, Gardening and Crops.
Natural History—Geology and Soils; Entomology.
Chemistry—Laboratory Practice and Organic Chemistry.
Physics—Throughout the year.
English—Logic, Rhetoric and literary exercises.
German—Begun. } One must be taken and only one.
Latin—Third year. } The student may choose.
Mathematics—Trigonometry, Mensuration and Surveying.
Drawing—Geometrical and Mechanical.
Shop-practice—Metal-working.

SENIOR YEAR.

I. The student is required to take the following:

Agriculture and Horticulture—Manures and Fertilizers; Farm Mechanics; Forage and Feeding; Dairying; Plant Diseases; Insecticides and Fungicides; Origin of Varieties.

Natural Science—Biology, Chemistry and Physics.

History, &c.—Constitutional History and Political Economy.

English—Reviews, Rhetorical exercises and Debates.

Drawing—Perspective and Topographical.

Lectures—On various subjects, by Specialists.

II. The student is also required to select, with the advice and approval of the Faculty, a fixed amount of advanced work, from these branches, viz:—

Botany.—Chemistry.—Comparative Anatomy.
Physics.—Elementary Civil Engineering.
English.—German.—Latin.

Required of all students throughout the course:

1. *Military Drill*, as required by law, four times per week.
2. *Periodical Exercises* in Composition and Elocution.

NOTE.—With the exception of the option in language, this course of study is alike for all, until about the second term of the Senior year, when the students are permitted a wide discretion in the selection of subjects for advanced study, during the rest of the year.

DEGREES.

THOSE who complete the prescribed course of study and maintain the required standard of scholarship will receive the degree of Bachelor of Science, the diploma being signed by the Governor of Maryland, who is *ex-officio*, president of the corporation. In case the student, by taking the optional studies and substitutes of the Junior and Senior years, makes his course more literary in character, the Degree of Bachelor of Arts may be confered.

DEPARTMENTS OF STUDY.

The Act of Congress creating the endowment of the State Agricultural College was passed July 2d, 1862, and is entitled "An act granting public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts." The aims of a college thus originated are defined as follows:

"Its leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific and classical studies, and including military tactics, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such manner as the Legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions of life."

The Act of August 30th, 1890, largely increasing the endowment of the college, limits the expenditure of the new income by these words:

"To be applied only to instruction in agriculture, the mechanic arts, the English language and the various branches of mathematical, physical, natural and economic science, with special reference to their applications in the industries of life, and to the facilities for such instruction."

In accordance with these "acts" and corresponding legislation of the State of Maryland, the trustees of this College recognize their obligation to provide here, first of all, for thorough instruction in "those branches of learning which are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts." The members of the Faculty are men chosen with special reference to their fitness for duties in an institution of the character above indicated. The course of study has been adapted to the "leading object" of the College, and all appliances which are correspondingly called for, will be provided. It is not intended that the time of students shall be occupied with ordinary labor, which could just as well be learned or practiced at home, but that, accompanied by their instructors, they shall spend certain fixed portions of the day, at suitable seasons, in the fields or stables, gardens and orchards, observing and performing such operations as may illustrate and supplement the teachings of the class room, especially in the departments of agriculture and horticulture. Instruction is the primary object, labor properly incidental thereto, will be required.

But while these technical branches are strongly emphasized, "other scientific and classical studies" are included in the course, so as to make a range of instruction which is broad, truly liberal, thoroughly practical and well suited to prepare those who complete it for "the several pursuits and professions in life."

AGRICULTURE.

It is now almost universally recognized that the business of farming and gardening requires a special preparation and training, or in other words, a *special education* for its successful pursuit, just as is found necessary for other gainful occupations.

The Maryland Agricultural College aims to supply this particular line of education. It does not expect one of its students or graduates to perform the manual labor of the farm any better than if he had never attended college. But it does enable him to understand better the reasons for such labor, and the right time and method of its application,—to judge of skilled and unskilled labor and manage it economically and wisely,—to understond the principles of the construction and use of labor-saving appliances so as to select and operate them with judgment,—to know the natural laws and their modifications, which should govern the cultivation of the soil, the production of crops and rearing of domestic animals,—and the many ways in which modern science can be brought to the aid of agriculture, by preserving the natural fertility of the earth, restoring the productiveness of worn lands, and by improved methods enlarging the returns, while lessening the area and cost of production.

This class of instruction is not only becoming a necessity to those who must obtain a livelihood by farming, but it is equally useful and profitable to the retired merchant or professional man, the inheritor of large estates which have been impoverished by long continued cropping, and the lover of nature and country life, whatever may be his special occupation.

In the effort to realize these aims and purposes, the laboratory, museum, library, stable, fields, garden and orchards, are used to supplement work in the class and lecture room. Practical illustration or object lessons go hand in hand with theory and the teachings of science. The Agricultural Experiment Station, provided for this State by the Act of Congress, approved March 2d, 1887, has been established upon the college farm, and although a distinct branch of the institution, it adds greatly to the facilities for agricultural instruction. Finely equipped, with a corps of scientific workers, the operations of the Station, in original investigations and practical tests and experiments, afford constant object lessons for the students.

In short, the Maryland Agricultural College is conducted in accordance with its name and original object, as described in its comprehensive charter, and the subsequent legislation, both State and National, which so clearly defines its special purpose.

NATURAL SCIENCE.

The various branches of study which are embraced in this general title, are of the first importance to those who are constantly subjected to the laws of nature in the operations of farm and garden. And a knowledge of them is of daily practical value in almost all pursuits. Among these branches are climatology, physical geography, geology, mineralogy, botany, zoology, (including entomology,), comparative anatomy, chemistry and physics.

These sciences are given the prominence which belongs to them, in the work of the College. Six professors, specialists in their respective departments, teach these branches according to the latest researches of modern science, by the most practical methods and aided by elaborate and expensive models, appliances and apparatus, all nearly new.

The unsurpassed collections in Washington, at the Smithsonian Institution, the National Museum, and the Department of Agriculture, all easily accessible, are of the highest value in connection with the instruction in this department.

LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

An accurate and refined use of the mother tongue is the chief aim of the course in the department of English. In the earlier stages there is a persistent drill in analysis of sentences, in word-building and derivation, and in the elements of style, with constant practice in expression, oral and written. The history of the language is then taken up, with respect to its vocabulary, grammar and different periods. This is followed by the historical and critical study of English literature. Throughout the course the text-books used are supplemented by conversational lectures and parallel reading. There are also practical exercises in writing descriptions, essays and arguments, and in debates and public speaking.

The related subjects of logic, rhetoric, mental science, general history, constitutional history and political economy are given proper attention.

In order to add to the breadth and variety of his work, every student is required to study one language besides English, and is permitted, with the aid of his instructors, to choose between German, French and Latin. The ability to read the language is the main object in view, but attention is also given to correct pronunciation and ordinary conversation, in the modern languages.

MATHEMATICS.

The study of mathematics is pursued only so far as the distinctive aims of this institution require, the course conforming in general to that adopted in the most approved Agricultural Colleges.

The aim is to make the mathematical work of the most practical value in its applications. The arithmetic and book-keeping needed in ordinary business are taught, and then the course leads on to measurements of every description, in Mensuration and Surveying.

The field work will afford much practice in the use of chain and compass, transit and theodolite, surveying and leveling. This practice is continued in the Senior year with application in running old farm lines, mapping farms, dividing lands, highway surveying and road-making, with cuts and fills, draining and water works. During this year, also, the elements of Civil Engineering are taught, with a consideration of the strength of materials and the general principles of building and construction.

Drawing is, for the present, assigned to this department, and extends through three years, being taught in its practical aspects, rather than as an artistic accomplishment.

MILITARY.

The Act of Congress which contributed a large part of the endowment of the College, was accepted by the State under conditions which make instruction in military tactics imperative. The students are, therefore, organized as a corps of cadets under the commandant, who is an officer of the Regular Army, detailed for this duty by the War Department, and is, for the time, a member of the Faculty. They are uniformed, and every one, unless physically debarred, is required to attend such exercises as are prescribed and is subjected to military discipline to a certain degree.

These exercises are believed to be decidedly beneficial, and the tactical instruction is thoroughly given. The drills, which occupy three or four hours a week, furnish excellent physical culture, insuring regular and healthful exercise at all seasons, and out of doors whenever possible. Neatness in dress, graceful carriage of the body and dignified bearing, are secured by the drill, and habits are acquired of prompt obedience and self-control and the power to command.

While this department is administered to honestly meet the requirements of law and to benefit the individual and the College, it is not permitted to interfere with other educational interests and duties, or encroach upon reasonable periods of recreation.

DISCIPLINE AND REGULATIONS.

It is expected that all students attending this College will have reached an age when their habits are so fixed and their characters so matured as to cause them to appreciate the value of their time and the opportunities afforded at this institution. Without multiplying rules and regulations, they will, from the day of entrance, be placed upon their honor to contribute to the general good order and studiousness of the College, to promptly and cheerfully obey all instructions they may receive from its officers, pay proper regard to the care of its property, refrain from all acts calculated to disturb the comfort and work of their fellow-students, and in personal habits, conversation and conduct, at all times and places, to act as gentlemen.

In general, exemplary deportment, attention to duties, and the maintenance of good scholastic standing, will be required of all.

Should there be those who cannot be allowed full privileges because of immaturity and thoughtlessness, rather than deliberate misconduct or intentional neglect, they will be assigned quarters in a special part of the building and placed more or less completely under military discipline, as circumstance may require.

Such regulations as may be necessary will be promulgated from time to time, so as to be fully understood, and they must be observed and complied with by all.

Discipline will be administered, as a rule, in a progressive manner, by admonition, formal warning, notice to parents or guardians, and strict probation, but at any time when such action is in the interest of the individual or the College, any student may be sent home without previous notice, or may, for cause, be suspended, dismissed or summarily expelled.

The fact of entering upon duty at the College, is to be understood by all as an assent to these regulations on the part of the student and his parents, and as a pledge by the former to acknowledge and conform to the same.

MILITARY DUTIES.

Members of the Senior and Junior classes, and all students who have attended the College for one year or more, will be required to perform such duties as may be assigned them as officers, non-commissioned or guards, in connection with the military exercises or the police and discipline of the College.

UNIFORMS, &c.

Every student is required to provide himself with the full uniform adopted for this department, before the close of the term in which he enters the college, and thereafter to keep the same in order and wear it upon all drills and stated military exercises. The uniform is a neat suit of cadet gray, suitable for all occasions, and, at the reasonable prices which the institution is able to obtain, by contract, it forms an extremely economical dress. It consists of a dress coat, pair of pants, cap and gloves, costing just about twenty dollars ($20). Those who desire can obtain a fatigue suit, in addition, for about ten dollars ($10), but this is not required. To insure uniformity in quality and pattern and maintain low rates, the military suits must be purchased from the contractor with the College and paid for in cash, on delivery. No article of uniform dress will be permitted to be worn, unless obtained under the supervision of the college officers, and from the authorized contractor for the time being.

FURNITURE, BEDDING, &c.

Each bed room is furnished with two single beds and mattresses, two clothes-presses, a table and a washstand. The student must furnish chairs, looking-glass, chamber-ware, pillow and all other articles of bedding; also a study lamp, a broom, shoe-brush, towels, table-napkins, clothes-bag and proper toilet articles. Clothing, towels, bedding, &c., should be marked with the owner's name. Such of the articles named as can be conveniently brought from home should reach the College on the day the student enters. Some of the heavier articles, like chairs and chamber-ware, can be obtained at or near the College, at reasonable prices, for cash.

VALUABLES.

A safe will be provided at the office of the Registrar, in which students may deposit money and small articles of value, and have access to them at stated times. Care will be exercised to protect the property of all, but the College will be in no case responsible for any losses of money or valuables by students while at the institution.

DAY STUDENTS.

Students who do not board at the College, must be present at the opening exercises of the day and must remain until sunset, daily, except Sunday, unless specially excused by the College authorities. Such students will be received upon no other conditions.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

All students are required to attend the daily morning prayers and public worship on Sunday in the College Chapel. Arrangements will be made for the Sunday services to be conducted by clergymen of different denominations. Upon request of parents, students will be permitted to attend religious services elsewhere in the neighborhood, at hours not conflicting with exercises at the College.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY.

The officers of the Johns Hopkins University authorize the announcement, that the diploma of this College will be accepted in lieu of the usual examinations, for admission to the advanced courses of scientific study at the University, which naturally follow the work at this institution.

PRIZES.

A prize of ten dollars ($10), in useful books, is offered by the President of the Faculty, to be awarded to that member of the Senior class who sustains throughout the year, including examinations, the best record in the department of agricultural studies.

Other prizes are being arranged and will be duly announced.

NOTE.—As the law now requires an Annual Report to be made by the College, which embraces the information usually given in the catalogue, the latter is omitted and this Announcement issued instead. Any further information regarding the College can be obtained upon application; the Annual Report and the Publications of the Experiment Station, will be mailed to all who ask for them.

Address:— REGISTRAR,—MD. AGR'L COLLEGE,
COLLEGE PARK,
PRINCE GEORGE'S CO.,
MARYLAND.

MISSING
PAGE(S)